Lesson 2: Domain and Range

We know a relation is a function if each x-value associates with exactly <u>one</u> value of y. A relation is <u>NOT</u> a function if it has two or more ordered pairs with the same x-value. We can determine if it is a function from its graph, as long as it passes the <u>Vertical line test</u> (no two points on the graph lie on the same <u>vertical</u> line).

We can determine the domain (*x*-values) and range (*y*-values) from a graph.

If there are <u>discrete</u> points, list a set of numbers for the domain and range:



 $D: \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$

R: {0,2,4,6,8}

The following graph has two or more ordered pairs with the same first coordinate. A vertical line passes through more than one point. The graph is not a function

(1,3),(1,4),(1,5)

We can also use inequality signs if the points on the graph are connected by a line (curved or straight) or continue past the graph:



a) D: $\times \leq 3$ R: $\gamma \geq -1$ b) D: $\rightarrow 2 \leq \times \leq 2$ R: $0 \leq \gamma \leq 2$

2

0

Examples:

- 1) Which of the following graphs represent a function?
 - a) Outside Temperature over a 24-h Period



b) Masses of Students against Height



2) Determine the domain and range of the graph of each function.



3) This graph show the approximate height the tide, *h* metres, as a function of time, *t*, at Port Clements, Haida Gwaii on June 17, 2009.

x = -1

Height of Tide at Port Clements, June 17, 2009



a) Identify the dependent variable and the independent variable.

L' time

b) Why are the points in the graph connected?

c) Determine the domain and range of the graph.

- D: $9:00 \le t \le 16:00$ R: $0.9 \le h \le 1.5$
- 4) Here is the graph of the function g(x) = 4x 3.



a) Determine the range value when the domain is 3
a) X = 3
b) Determine the domain value when the range value is -7.
b) X = -7



5) List the domain and range for each function:

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